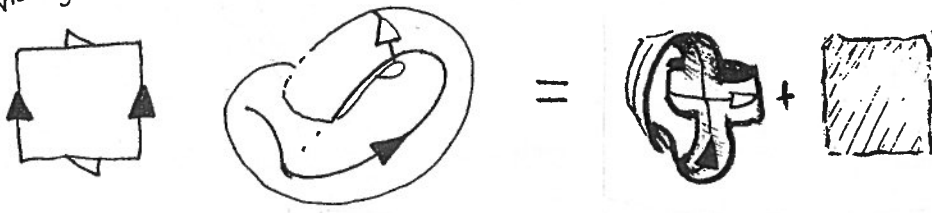
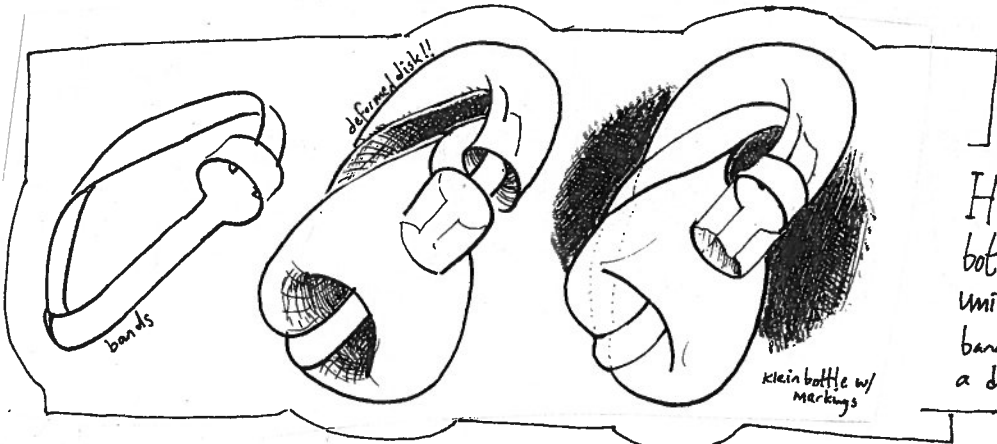


# Here are Lots of views of the Klein Bottle

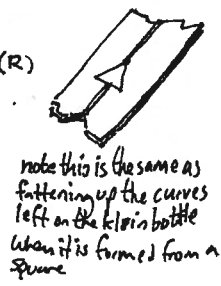
Previously...



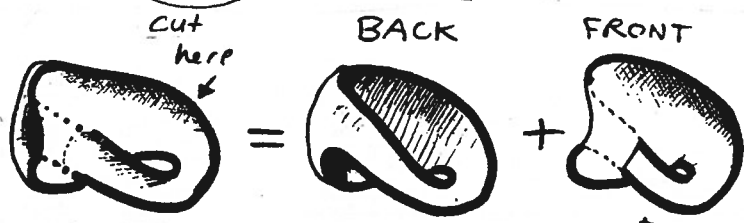
How can the Klein bottle be seen as a pair of bands sewn to a square disk along their single edge?



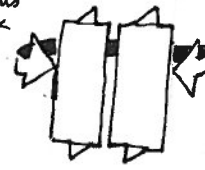
Here we see a Klein bottle drawn as the union of the pair of bands (L) and a disk (middle)



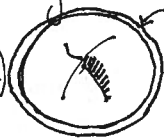
A Klein Bottle is also two Möbius bands stitched together along their single edge!




IN THE GLUING-UP-THE-SQUARE DIAGRAM, these Möbius bands look like this



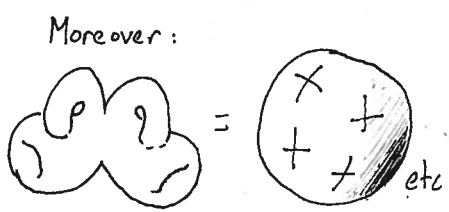
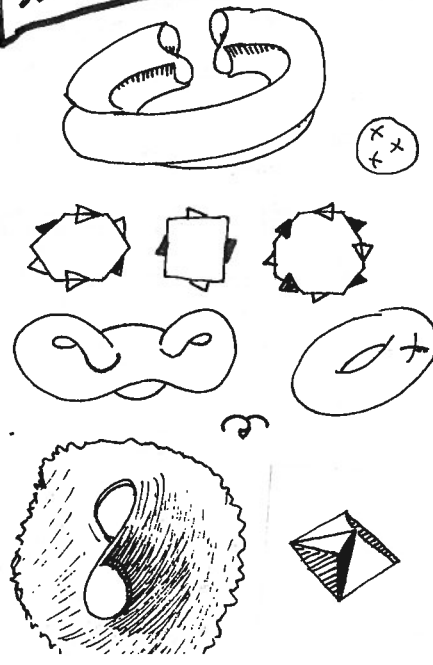
This is a very useful view of things:

If you understand this picture of the Möbius band (a disk with a funny pucker)  Then you see the Klein bottle as a sphere with 2 of those funny pucker.

Find this band in the Klein bottle. Is it one or two sided? What are the remaining pieces of the Klein bottle once this has been removed? **Wow!** After you cut a Möbius band down the middle, arrange the result to look like the above!!!

So WHAT SURFACES ARE THESE?



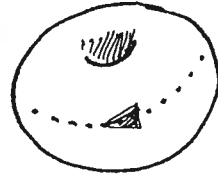
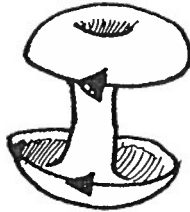
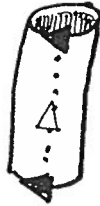
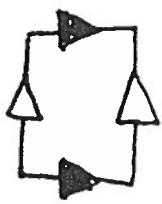
CLASSIFY ALL SURFACES  
**B O N U S**  
 They can all be obtained by gluing together fundamental pieces



# THE FLAT SURFACES



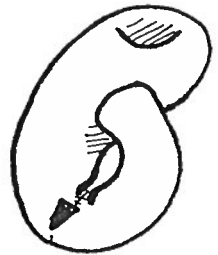
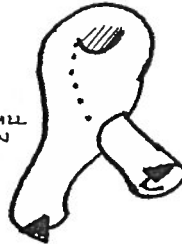
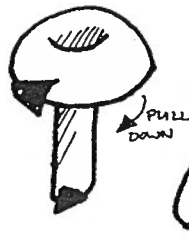
Both the TORUS and the KLEIN BOTTLE can be obtained by Rolling up a square into a tube and fastening the ends



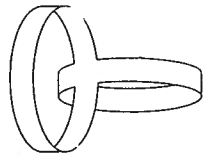
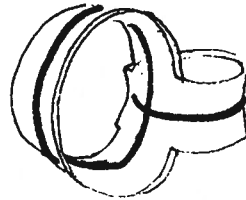
TORUS

KLEIN BOTTLE

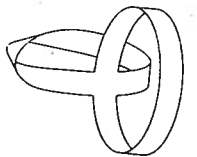
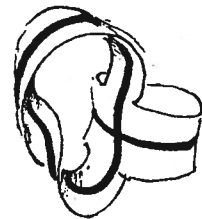
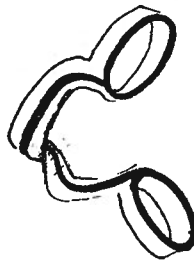
IMPORTANT:  
THE ARROWS  
SHOW HOW  
TO GLUE  
THE SIDES



## HOWEVER:



This →  
requires  
a clever  
trick of  
the  
wrist



If we remove the centers of the square before gluing, we can perform the band trick IN REVERSE.

THUS

A torus =



+



And a Klein bottle =



+

